Food Safety FIRST: Online Education for Science Teachers

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Background

- □ Children prepare food for themselves and families, and will form tomorrow's foodservice workforce.
- □ One approach to reducing foodborne illness is educating youth in food safety and handling.
- □ There are many places where food can fit in a secondary curriculum. Food can serve as a tangible example for many scientific principles.
- □ Training science teachers in food safety will enable them to integrate food safety into a science curriculum and improve youth food handling skills.

Goal: To promote food safety education for youth and adults

Objectives:

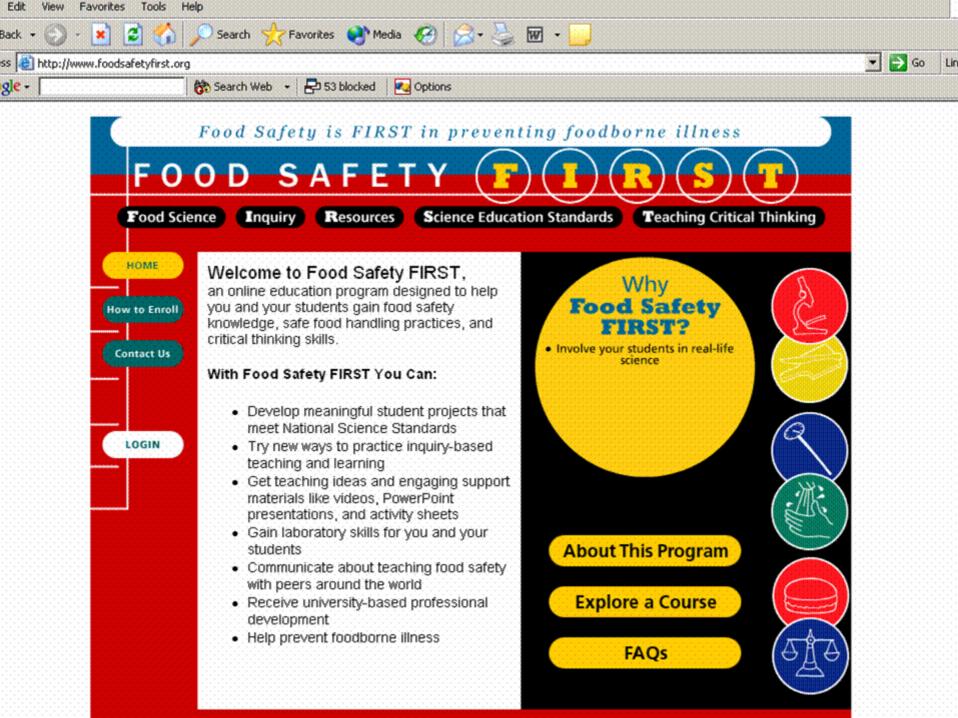
- □ To determine baseline food safety attitudes, knowledge and behaviors of science teachers.
- □ To develop an online food safety education course geared to science teachers and their students.
- □ Teachers will:
 - increase knowledge and application of food safety
 - increase familiarity and use of the Internet
 - apply food safety activities in the classroom

□ Youth will:

 increase food safety knowledge and improve food handling behaviors

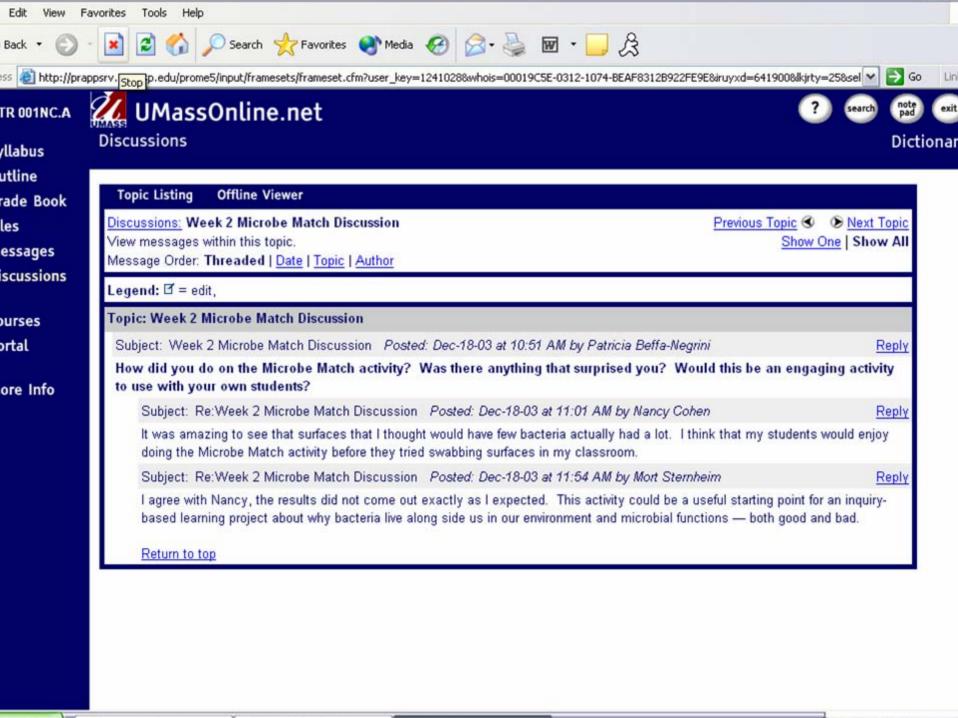
Needs Assessment: 221 NSTA Teachers

- Most teachers had knowledge of basic food safety principles, but many reported unsafe thawing and cooling practices.
- Over 80% of the teachers were interested in learning more about food safety classroom and lab activities, but less than 1/3rd were using activities.
- Only 37% were comfortable teaching food safety.

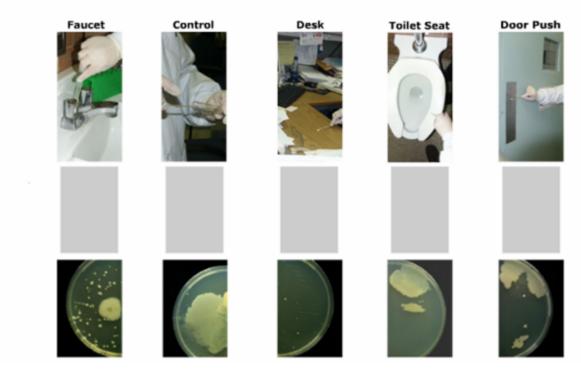


Food Safety FIRST Elements

- □ Website with food safety links, inquiry-based learning, and science education standards.
- □ 3 online modules, 2-3 hr/week for 5 weeks:
 - Bacteria Are Everywhere
 - Food Handling is a Risky Business
 - Current Controversies in Food Science
- □ Interactive asynchronous discussions.
- □ Science and our Food Supply (FDA) curriculum.
- □ CD-ROM with videos of lab techniques, interactive activities, lab reports, PowerPoint presentations.
- □ Lab kit of supplies to complete module activities.
- □ Alumni listserv.



Where do think you would find the most bacteria? Below are pictures of four sites that were swabbed and cultured in Petri plates, along with one control. Drag the Petri plate to the box under the site you — think it came from - if you are correct, it will pop into place.



Results

- 151 teachers participated in online courses (97 completed); additional 30 teachers participated in live activities for taping
- Matched pretests and posttests of attitudes, comfort teaching food safety, and practices were collected from 38 teachers.
- Perceived barriers to teaching food safety decreased, from 9.4 to 8.1 (max score 10)
- Food handling practices increased significantly, from 24.8 to 27.7 (max score of 35)
- Perceived comfort in teaching food safety increased significantly, from 2.8 to 3.6 (max: 4).

Teacher Followup

- □ After the program, teachers reported teaching food safety in the classroom for an average of 12.4 hours, with an average of 67 students.
- □ Youth surveys (preliminary) indicate that most were knowledgeable about food safety, but did not always practice safe food handling.
- ☐ The majority of youth reported talking about food safety with family members.

Teacher Feedback

- "... I really liked the demonstration... it really highlighted the use of controls in an experiment, which is a concept that is difficult for most of my middle level students to grasp."
- students "were engaged, eager to present information, and willing to follow through on safety procedures. ... the facts will stick with them throughout their lives."
- "... of the six or so online classes I've taken, I think that this one and the way you monitor the websites, provide feedback and assistance and resources ranks right up on the top. You really do a great job."
- "Just want to let you know I've fallen in love...with this online course! I hope I'm not becoming addicted!"

Conclusions

- □ Food Safety FIRST, an interactive online course based on inquiry learning, was successful in improving science teacher food handling practices and food safety education in the classroom.
- □ Secondary youth participated in food safety activities, demonstrated food safety knowledge, and shared information with families.

Food Safety FIRST Team

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- Mort Sternheim

Thank You!

www.foodsafetyfirst.org www.umassone.net